

# ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE MATHEMATICS

4736

**Decision Mathematics 1** 

**QUESTION PAPER** 

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book

### **OCR Supplied Materials:**

- Printed Answer Book 4736
- List of Formulae (MF1)

### **Other Materials Required:**

· Scientific or graphical calculator

# Tuesday 22 June 2010 Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

These instructions are the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book.
- The questions are on the inserted Question Paper.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Book. Additional paper
  may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your Candidate Number, Centre Number and question
  number(s).
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.

### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

This information is the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

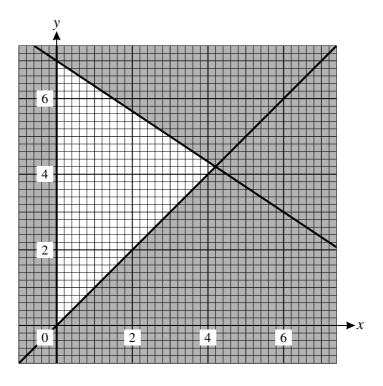
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- The Printed Answer Book consists of 12 pages. The Question Paper consists of 8 pages. Any blank pages
  are indicated.

### **INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER / INVIGILATOR**

• Do not send this Question Paper for marking; it should be retained in the centre or destroyed.

1	Owe	en an	d Hari ea	ach wan	t to sort	the fol	lowing	list of n	narks in	to decre	easing o	order.	
			31	28	75	87	42	43	70	56	61	95	
	(i)	Owe	en uses b	ubble so	ort, star	ting fro	m the le	ft-hand	end of	the list.			
		(a)		of swap	os used	in this	first pas	s. Whi				•	sons and the bein their [4]
		<b>(b)</b>	Write d	own the	list at t	he end	of the se	econd p	ass of b	ubble s	ort.		[1]
		(c)	How ma	any mor	e passe	s are ne	eded to	get the	value 9	5 to the	start o	of the list?	[1]
	(ii)	Har	i uses shu	uttle sor	t, startii	ng from	the left	-hand e	end of th	ne list.			
			w the re					•		_		Record the	number of [4]
	(iii)	_	lain why than usii		_	ılar list,	the tota	l numb	er of cor	mpariso	ns will	be greater u	using bubble [2]
	Shu	ttle s	ort is a q	uadratic	order a	lgorith	m.						
	(iv)		takes Ha						ks using	shuttle	sort, a	ipproximate	ly how long [2]
2		_	graph is			-	o vertic	es are o	lirectly	connect	ted by	at most one	arc and no
	A co	onne	cted grap	h is one	in whi	ch every	y vertex	is joine	ed, direc	tly or in	ndirectl	ly, to every o	other vertex.
	A si	mply	onnect;	ed grap	h is one	that is	both sin	nple an	d conne	ected.			
	(i)		lain why ers are 2,			le to dr	aw a gi	aph wi	th exact	tly three	e vertio	ces in which	n the vertex [1]
	(ii)	Dra	w a graph	n with ex	actly fo	our verti	ces of o	rders 1,	2, 3 and	l 4 that i	s neithe	er simple no	r connected. [2]
	(iii)		lain why e which				_			•			, 2, 3 and 4. [2]
	(iv)	A si	imply co	nnected	Euleria	n graph	has exa	actly fiv	e vertic	es.			
		(a)	Explain	why the	ere can	not be e	xactly t	hree ve	rtices of	f order 4	1.		[1]
		<b>(b)</b>	By consexample	_		rtex ord	ers, exp	olain wl	ny there	are on	ly four	such graph	s. Draw an [3]

3 The constraints of a linear programming problem are represented by the graph below. The feasible region is the unshaded region, including its boundaries.



(i) Write down the inequalities that define the feasible region.

[3]

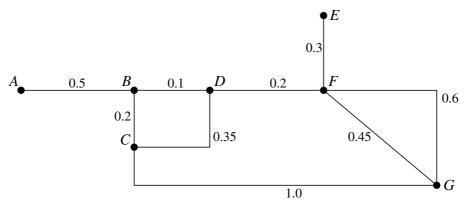
The objective is to maximise  $P_1 = x + 6y$ .

(ii) Find the values of x and y at the optimal point, and the corresponding value of  $P_1$ . [3]

The objective is changed to maximise  $P_k = kx + 6y$ , where k is positive.

- (iii) Calculate the coordinates of the optimal point, and the corresponding value of  $P_k$  when the optimal point is not the same as in part (ii). [2]
- (iv) Find the range of values of k for which the point identified in part (ii) is still optimal. [2]

4 The network below represents a small village. The arcs represent the streets and the weights on the arcs represent distances in km.



(i) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest path from A to G. You must show your working, including temporary labels, permanent labels and the order in which permanent labels are assigned. Write down the route of the shortest path from A to G. [5]

Hannah wants to deliver newsletters along every street; she will start and end at A.

(ii) Which standard network problem does Hannah need to solve to find the shortest route that uses every arc? [1]

The total weight of all the arcs is 3.7 km.

(iii) Hannah knows that she will need to travel *AB* and *EF* twice, once in each direction. With this information, use an appropriate algorithm to find the length of the shortest route that Hannah can use. Show all your working. (You may find the lengths of shortest paths between vertices by inspection.) [5]

There are street name signs at each vertex except for A and E. Hannah's friend Peter wants to check that the signs have not been vandalised. He will start and end at B.

The table below shows the complete set of shortest distances between vertices B, C, D, F and G.

		В	C	D	F	G
	В	ı	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.75
	C	0.2	_	0.3	0.5	0.95
i	D	0.1	0.3	-	0.2	0.65
	F	0.3	0.5	0.2	_	0.45
(	G	0.75	0.95	0.65	0.45	_

- (iv) Apply the nearest neighbour method to this table, starting from *B*, to find an upper bound for the distance that Peter must travel. [2]
- (v) Apply Prim's algorithm to the matrix formed by deleting the row and column for vertex *G* from the table. Start building your tree at vertex *B*.

Draw your tree. Give the order in which vertices are built into your tree and calculate the total weight of your tree. Hence find a lower bound for the distance that Peter must travel. [4]

5 Jenny is making three speciality smoothies for a party: fruit salad, ginger zinger and high C.

Each litre of *fruit salad* contains 600 calories and has 120 mg of sugar and 100 mg of vitamin C. Each litre of *ginger zinger* contains 800 calories and has 80 mg of sugar and 40 mg of vitamin C. Each litre of *high C* contains 500 calories and has 120 mg of sugar and 120 mg of vitamin C.

Jenny has enough milk to make 5 litres of *fruit salad* or 3 litres of *ginger zinger* or 4 litres of *high* C. This leads to the constraint

$$12x + 20y + 15z \le 60$$

in which x represents the number of litres of *fruit salad*, y represents the number of litres of *ginger* zinger and z represents the number of litres of high C.

Jenny wants there to be no more than 5000 calories and no more than 800 mg of sugar in total in the smoothies that she makes.

(i) Use this information to write down and simplify two more constraints on the values of x, y and z, other than that they are non-negative. [4]

Jenny wants to maximise the total amount of vitamin C in the smoothies. This gives the following objective.

Maximise 
$$P = 100x + 40y + 120z$$

- (ii) Represent Jenny's problem as an initial Simplex tableau. Use the Simplex algorithm, choosing the first pivot from the z column and showing all your working, to find the optimum. How much of each type of smoothie should Jenny make? [13]
- (iii) Show that if the first pivot had been chosen from the x column then the optimum would have been achieved in one iteration instead of two. [5]

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# Tuesday 22 June 2010 Afternoon

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Candidate Forename					Candidate Surname						
Centre Numb	ber					Candidate N	umber				

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1 (i) (a)	
1 (i) (b)	
1 (i) (c)	

1 (ii)	
1 (iii)	
1 (iv)	

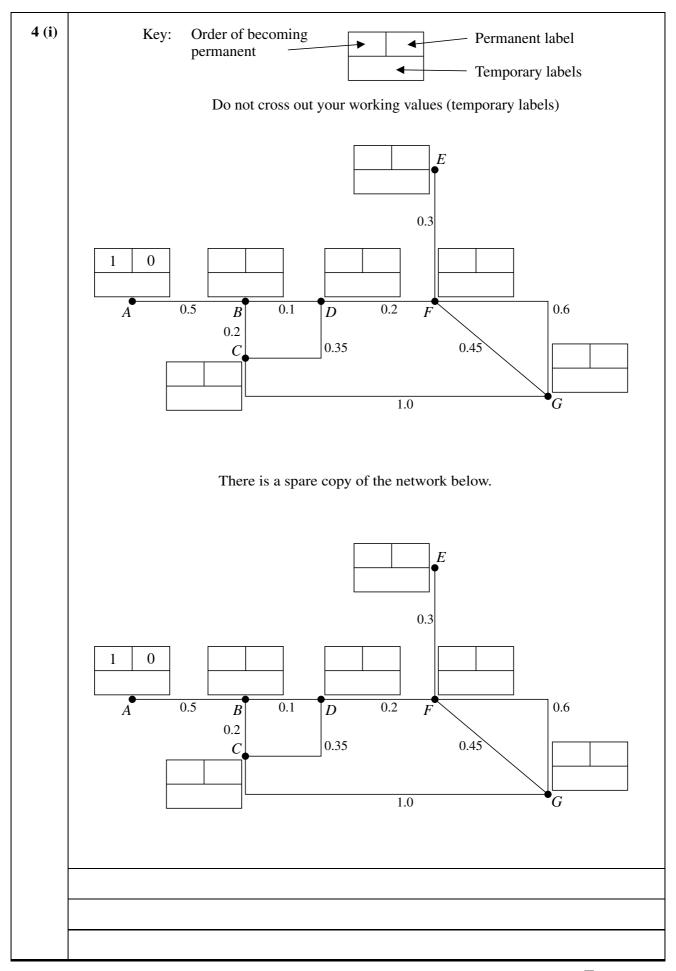
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2 (i)	
2 (ii)	
	•
	•
2 (iii)	
<b>2</b> (m)	

2 (iv) (a)	
2 (iv) (b)	

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3 (i)	
3 (ii)	
3 (iii)	
3 (iv)	



4 (ii)	
4 (iii)	

4 (iv)			l n		l 5		l ~		
		D	В	<i>C</i>	D	F	<i>G</i>	-	
		$\frac{B}{C}$	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.75	_	
		$\frac{c}{D}$	0.2	0.3	-	0.3	0.93	-	
		$\frac{D}{F}$	0.1	0.5	0.2	-	0.03	-	
		G	0.75		1	0.45	-	_	
			0.75	0.75	1 0.05	1 0.15	1		
4 (v)									
<b>4</b> ( <b>v</b> )			_						
			В	C	' '	D	F		
		В	_	0.2	2 0	.1	0.3		
		C	0.2		0	0.3	0.5		
		D	0.1	0.3		-	0.2		
		F	0.3	0.5	5   0	0.2	_		
	1	B•		$ullet^{I}$	D			F	
	(	<b>C</b> •							
	ĺ								

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5 (i)	
5 (ii)	

5 (ii)	(continued)
5 (iii)	

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